

Florida Community Loan Fund, Inc.

Financial and Compliance Report
June 30, 2021

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RSM US LLP

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors
Florida Community Loan Fund, Inc.

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Florida Community Loan Fund, Inc. (the Organization), which comprise the statements of financial position as of June 30, 2021 and 2020, the related statements of activities, functional expenses and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Florida Community Loan Fund, Inc. as of June 30, 2021 and 2020, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters*Other Information*

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 27, 2021, on our consideration of the Florida Community Loan Fund, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Florida Community Loan Fund, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Florida Community Loan Fund, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

RSM US LLP

Orlando, Florida
October 27, 2021

Florida Community Loan Fund, Inc.

Statements of Financial Position
June 30, 2021 and 2020

	2021	2020
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 23,078,882	\$ 13,932,630
Investments	2,581,960	539,773
Loans receivable, net of allowance for loan losses in 2021 – \$1,198,025; 2020 – \$868,478	18,933,569	14,930,433
Grant receivable	-	100,000
Other current assets	1,098,580	1,063,851
Total current assets	45,692,991	30,566,687
Investments, net of current portion	3,639,950	4,944,143
Federal Home Loan Bank stock, at cost	52,000	85,200
Loans receivable, net of allowance for loan losses in 2021 – \$3,663,511; 2020 – \$3,798,926	58,653,585	62,476,299
Furniture and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation in 2021 – \$144,875; 2020 – \$227,108	172,201	206,624
Total assets	\$ 108,210,727	\$ 98,278,953
Liabilities and Net Assets		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 715,775	\$ 843,840
Deferred revenue	525,000	278,000
Notes payable, bonds payable and lines of credit, current portion	3,394,685	5,840,248
Other liabilities – equity equivalent investments, current portion	500,000	500,000
Total current liabilities	5,135,460	7,462,088
Notes payable, bonds payable and lines of credit, net of current portion and debt issuance costs	48,952,767	39,318,752
Other liabilities – equity equivalent investments, net of current portion	11,250,000	11,250,000
Total liabilities	65,338,227	58,030,840
Commitments and contingencies (Notes 5, 7, 11 and 12)		
Net assets:		
Without donor restrictions:		
Designated by the Board for loans	35,620,928	33,952,847
Undesignated	6,293,123	4,772,486
	41,914,051	38,725,333
With donor restrictions	958,449	1,522,780
Total net assets	42,872,500	40,248,113
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 108,210,727	\$ 98,278,953

See notes to financial statements.

Florida Community Loan Fund, Inc.

Statements of Activities
Years Ended June 30, 2021 and 2020

	2021			2020		
	Without Donor Restrictions	With Donor Restrictions	Total	Without Donor Restrictions	With Donor Restrictions	Total
Revenues:						
Grants and contributions	\$ 1,181,491	\$ 603,750	\$ 1,785,241	\$ 1,198,174	\$ 2,138,000	\$ 3,336,174
Investment income	137,936	-	137,936	327,140	-	327,140
Interest on loans receivable	3,752,754	-	3,752,754	3,385,888	-	3,385,888
Fees and other	2,025,070	-	2,025,070	2,528,230	-	2,528,230
Net assets released from restrictions	1,168,081	(1,168,081)	-	3,516,574	(3,516,574)	-
Total revenues	8,265,332	(564,331)	7,701,001	10,956,006	(1,378,574)	9,577,432
Expenses:						
Program services	4,277,108	-	4,277,108	5,106,531	-	5,106,531
Supporting services:						
Management and general	624,953	-	624,953	664,140	-	664,140
Fundraising	174,553	-	174,553	186,839	-	186,839
Total supporting services	799,506	-	799,506	850,979	-	850,979
Total expenses	5,076,614	-	5,076,614	5,957,510	-	5,957,510
Change in net assets	3,188,718	(564,331)	2,624,387	4,998,496	(1,378,574)	3,619,922
Net assets:						
Beginning	38,725,333	1,522,780	40,248,113	33,726,837	2,901,354	36,628,191
Ending	\$ 41,914,051	\$ 958,449	\$ 42,872,500	\$ 38,725,333	\$ 1,522,780	\$ 40,248,113

See notes to financial statements.

Florida Community Loan Fund, Inc.

Statement of Functional Expenses
Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Supporting Services				Total Expenses
	Program Services	Management and General	Fundraising	Total Supporting Services	
Payroll and related costs	\$ 1,808,893	\$ 417,182	\$ 113,725	\$ 530,907	\$ 2,339,800
Interest expense	1,363,968	-	-	-	1,363,968
Provision for loan losses	452,331	-	-	-	452,331
Professional fees	59,231	114,409	688	115,097	174,328
Office and administrative	108,168	41,254	6,710	47,964	156,132
Marketing	156,895	-	39,224	39,224	196,119
Occupancy	201,238	45,793	12,483	58,276	259,514
Membership and training	40,792	-	-	-	40,792
Depreciation	27,751	6,315	1,723	8,038	35,789
Other	57,841	-	-	-	57,841
Total expenses	\$ 4,277,108	\$ 624,953	\$ 174,553	\$ 799,506	\$ 5,076,614

See notes to financial statements.

Florida Community Loan Fund, Inc.

Statement of Functional Expenses
Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Supporting Services				Total Expenses
	Program Services	Management and General	Fundraising	Total Supporting Services	
Payroll and related costs	\$ 1,789,105	\$ 462,871	\$ 137,530	\$ 600,401	\$ 2,389,506
Interest expense	1,335,468	-	-	-	1,335,468
Provision for loan losses	1,299,157	-	-	-	1,299,157
Professional fees	171,643	117,605	1,423	119,028	290,671
Office and administrative	169,028	51,885	10,977	62,862	231,890
Marketing	109,865	-	27,466	27,466	137,331
Occupancy	123,154	26,917	7,998	34,915	158,069
Membership and training	49,198	-	-	-	49,198
Depreciation	22,244	4,862	1,445	6,307	28,551
Other	37,669	-	-	-	37,669
Total expenses	\$ 5,106,531	\$ 664,140	\$ 186,839	\$ 850,979	\$ 5,957,510

See notes to financial statements.

Florida Community Loan Fund, Inc.

Statements of Cash Flows
Years Ended June 30, 2021 and 2020

	2021	2020
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Change in net assets	\$ 2,624,387	\$ 3,619,922
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation	35,789	28,551
Amortization of debt issuance costs	11,005	11,005
Provision for loan losses	452,331	1,299,157
Net unrealized and realized losses (gains) on investments	16,618	(80,876)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Grant receivable	100,000	-
Other current assets	(34,729)	(138,643)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(128,065)	(23,747)
Deferred revenue	247,000	(1,021,000)
Net cash provided by operating activities	3,324,336	3,694,369
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Purchases of investments	(5,363,304)	(3,921,629)
Sales of investments	4,641,892	3,740,046
Net change in loans receivable	(632,753)	(14,308,676)
Purchase of furniture and equipment	(1,366)	(139,877)
Net cash used in investing activities	(1,355,531)	(14,630,136)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Proceeds from notes payable, bonds payable and lines of credit	9,050,000	8,303,150
Principal payments on notes payable, bonds payable and lines of credit	(1,872,553)	(1,112,616)
Proceeds from other liabilities – equity equivalent investments	-	1,000,000
Net cash provided by financing activities	7,177,447	8,190,534
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	9,146,252	(2,745,233)
Cash and cash equivalents:		
Beginning	13,932,630	16,677,863
Ending	\$ 23,078,882	\$ 13,932,630
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:		
Cash paid for interest	\$ 1,495,090	\$ 1,124,948

See notes to financial statements.

Florida Community Loan Fund, Inc.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1. Nature of Operations and Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of operations: The Florida Community Loan Fund, Inc. (the Loan Fund or Organization) was incorporated in 1994 as a not-for-profit Florida corporation and is exempt from income taxation under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC). The Loan Fund provides loans primarily to qualifying not-for-profit organizations that provide social services, affordable housing and economic development programs for low-income communities and their residents throughout Florida. Also, the Loan Fund provides on-site technical assistance to its not-for-profit borrowers and prospective borrowers through partnerships with leading technical assistance providers in the state. The United States Department of the Treasury's Community Development Financial Institutions Fund (CDFI Fund) certified the Loan Fund as a Community Development Financial Institution (CDFI) in 1996. The Loan Fund is also certified as a Community Development Entity (CDE) under the New Markets Tax Credits (NMTC) Program of the United States Department of the Treasury.

The Loan Fund receives support from financial institutions, foundations, religious and non-profit organizations, individuals and federal and state agencies through low-interest loans, permanent loan capital grants and operating grants. Internal sources of revenue includes interest and fees from its loan programs, upfront and ongoing fees from its NMTC program and interest income on idle capital.

A summary of the Loan Fund's significant accounting policies follows:

Basis of financial statement presentation: A not-for-profit organization is required to report information regarding its financial position and activities according to two classes of net assets: net assets without donor restrictions and net assets with donor restrictions.

Net assets without donor restrictions: Net assets that are not subject to donor-imposed stipulations but may be designated for specific purposes by action of the Board of Directors. Net assets designated by the Board of Directors for these purposes were \$35,620,928 and \$33,952,847 as of June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

Net assets with donor restrictions: Net assets subject to donor-imposed stipulations that may, or will be met, either by actions of the Loan Fund and/or the passage of time. When a restriction expires, net assets with donor restrictions are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions and reported in the statements of activities as net assets released from restrictions.

Net assets with donor restrictions restricted for specified purposes at June 30, 2021 and 2020, were \$958,449 and \$1,522,780, respectively. The Loan Fund has no net assets with donor restrictions restricted in perpetuity.

The Loan Fund's policy is to prepare its financial statements on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP).

Use of estimates: The preparation of financial statements in accordance with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Significant estimates that are particularly susceptible to change in the near term include the allowance for loan losses. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Florida Community Loan Fund, Inc.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1. Nature of Operations and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Grants and contributions: The Loan Fund reports gifts of cash and other assets received as restricted support if they are received with donor stipulations that limit the use of the donated assets and the restrictions are not met in the period that the contribution is received. When a donor restriction expires by either actions of the Loan Fund or the passage of time, net assets with donor restrictions are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions and reported in the statements of activities as net assets released from restrictions. Contributions receivable, which represent unconditional written promises to give, are revenues in the period when the written promise is received. Conditional promises to give are recognized when the conditions upon which they depend are substantially met. A contribution is considered to be conditional if an agreement includes a barrier that must be overcome and either a right of return of assets or a right of release of a promise to transfer assets exists. Indicators of a barrier include measurable performance-related barrier or other measurable items, stipulations that limit discretion by the recipient on the conduct of an activity, and stipulations that are related to the purpose of the agreement.

Grant revenue is recognized as barriers are met. The Loan Fund received \$825,750 and \$852,000 in federal funds from the CDFI Fund in the form of grants during fiscal years 2021 and 2020, respectively, of which, \$825,750 and \$852,000 was expended as of June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

Deferred revenue: The Loan Fund records the amount of proceeds of certain government award programs and other loan capital grants, which it has not committed to qualifying projects, as deferred revenue. During fiscal years 2021 and 2020, the Loan Fund received awards and grants totaling \$1,350,750 and \$852,000, respectively. As of June 30, 2021 and 2020, \$525,000 and \$278,000, respectively of the funds were not yet committed to qualifying projects.

Fees: The Loan Fund receives fees in connection with the NMTC Program (the Program). Fee revenue is recognized in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) Topic 606, Revenue from Contracts with Customers, which provides a five-step model for recognizing revenue from contracts with customers as follows:

- Identify the contract with the customer
- Identify the performance obligations in the contract
- Determine the transaction price
- Allocate the transaction price to separate performance obligations
- Recognize revenue when (or as) each performance obligation is satisfied

Sub-allocation fees from the Program are recognized upon the closing of the transaction, receipt of the funds and once any other terms of the sub-allocation fee agreement are satisfied. Asset management fees under the Program are recognized annually based upon the terms in the asset management agreement.

Florida Community Loan Fund, Inc.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1. Nature of Operations and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Cash and cash equivalents: The Loan Fund considers cash equivalents to include any investment in money market funds, certificates of deposit, commercial paper, treasury bills and investment securities with maturities at the time of purchase of three months or less. The Loan Fund maintains cash and cash equivalents with various major financial institutions. Qualifying savings balances are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). From time to time, balances may exceed amounts insured by the FDIC.

Investments and investment income: Investments are reported at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Realized gains and losses are recognized when securities are sold. Unrealized gains and losses are recognized as the change in fair value of securities between reporting periods. Investment income and gains restricted by a donor are reported as increases in net assets without donor restrictions if the restrictions are met (either by passage of time or by use) in the reporting period in which the income and gains are recognized.

On January 29, 2019, the Loan Fund obtained a 33.33% ownership interest in the Parramore Asset Stabilization Fund, LLC (PASF); the Loan Fund accounts for its investment in PASF under the equity method of accounting. Under the equity method of accounting, an investee company's accounts are not reflected within the Loan Fund's statements of financial position and statements of activities and changes in net assets; however, the Organization's share of the earnings or losses of the investee company is reflected in investment income (loss) in the accompanying statements of activities. The amount of the Loan Fund's investment in PASF as of June 30, 2021 and 2020, is \$808,389 and \$765,000, respectively, and is included in investments on the accompanying statements of financial position.

Loans receivable: Loans are stated at the principal amount outstanding. The allowance for loan losses is netted with loans receivable. Interest income on loans is accrued at the loan's stated interest rate on the principal balance outstanding.

Interest on loans is recognized over the terms of the loans and is calculated using the simple-interest method on principal amounts outstanding. The accrual of interest on loans is generally discontinued when a loan is greater than 90 days past due or when, in the opinion of management, full repayment of principal and interest is in doubt. Past due status is based on contractual terms of the loans. Interest accrued but uncollected for loans placed on nonaccrual status is reversed against interest income. Interest on these loans is accounted for on the cash or cost-recovery basis until the loans qualify for returns to accrual status. Accrual of interest is generally resumed when the customer is current on all principal and interest payments and collectability of the loan is no longer in doubt.

It is the policy of the Loan Fund to discontinue the accrual of interest when loan payments are delinquent for 90 days based on contractual terms and, in management's opinion, the timely collection of interest or principal becomes uncertain, unless the loan principal and interest are determined by management to be fully collateralized and in the process of collection. Any unpaid amounts of interest previously accrued on these delinquent loans are then reversed from income. Interest on these loans is recognized when paid by the borrower only if collection of principal is likely to occur. A nonaccrual loan may be reinstated to an accrual status when contractual principal and interest payments are current, and collection is reasonably assured.

Florida Community Loan Fund, Inc.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1. Nature of Operations and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Allowance for loan losses: The allowance for loan losses is established through a provision for loan losses charged to expense. Loans are charged-off against the allowance when management determines that the loan is uncollectible. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously charged-off are credited to the allowance. The allowance for loan losses consists of specific and general components and is maintained at a level believed adequate by management to absorb estimated losses inherent in the portfolio after considering various factors, including prevailing economic conditions, diversification and size of the loan portfolio, current financial status and credit standing of the borrowers, the status and level of non-performing assets, past loan loss experience and adequacy of collateral and specific impaired loans. The specific component relates to loans that are individually classified as impaired.

The allowance for loan losses is allocated between current and long-term on the accompanying statements of financial position based on a specific identification method to be consistent with the classification of the associated loan receivable balance.

The Loan Fund finances a diverse group of borrowers, including nonprofit community-based organizations, nonprofit and for-profit developers, and special needs housing providers throughout Florida through term, construction, acquisition/rehab and predevelopment lending.

Management has categorized loans into risk categories generally based on the nature of the project. These risk categories and the relevant risk characteristics are as follows:

Rental housing: Rental housing loans and lines of credit support the development and preservation of affordable rental housing, predominantly to multi-family housing projects. Rental housing loans generally have terms of up to 25 years with amortizations of up to 35 years and interest rates that generally range from 0.0% to 6.5%. Loans for land acquisition and/or construction also run the risk that projects will not be completed on time or in accordance with specifications and projected costs. All of such loans are secured by real estate.

Supportive housing: Supportive housing combines housing, either permanent rental or transitional housing, with social services provided by nonprofit organizations. Supportive housing loans generally have terms of up to 15 years with amortizations of up to 30 years and interest rates that generally range from 0.0% to 6.5%. Loans for land acquisition and/or construction also run the risk that projects will not be completed on time or in accordance with specifications and projected costs. All of such loans are secured by real estate.

For sale housing: For sale housing loans and lines of credit support the development of affordable single-family home ownership. For sale housing loans generally have terms of up to 10 years with amortizations of up to 10 years and interest rates that generally range from 4.0% to 5.5%. Loans for land acquisition and/or construction also run the risk that projects will not be completed on time or in accordance with specifications and projected costs. All of such loans are secured by real estate or liquid collateral.

Community facilities: Community facilities loans are construction or acquisition/rehab loans provided to nonprofit organizations focused on social services or educational services, including family health care centers, educational facilities and social services facilities. Community facilities loans generally have terms of up to 10 years with amortizations of up to 30 years and interest rates that generally range from 0.0% to 6.0%. Loans for land acquisition and/or construction also run the risk that projects will not be completed on time or in accordance with specifications and projected costs. All of such loans are secured by real estate.

Florida Community Loan Fund, Inc.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1. Nature of Operations and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Commercial real estate: Commercial real estate loans are construction or acquisition/rehab loans for non-residential real estate, with an emphasis on borrowers that provide amenities to or stimulate economic development in low-income communities. Commercial real estate loans generally have terms of up to 10 years with amortizations of up to 30 years and interest rates that generally range from 0.0% to 6.0%. Loans for land acquisition and/or construction also run the risk that projects will not be completed on time or in accordance with specifications and projected costs. All of such loans are secured by real estate.

A loan is considered impaired when, based on current information and events, it is probable that the Loan Fund will be unable to collect the scheduled payments of principal or interest when due according to the contractual terms of the loan agreement. The Loan Fund monitors all loans in the portfolio on an ongoing basis and reviews loan classifications for all loans in the portfolio in accordance with its lending policies. The amount of impairment, if any, is measured on a loan-by-loan basis as either the present value of expected future cash flows discounted at the loan's effective interest rate or the loan's observable market price, or the fair value of the collateral less estimated selling costs if the loan is collateral dependent and is included in the allowance for loan losses.

Troubled debt restructurings are separately identified for impairment disclosures and are measured at the present value of estimated future cash flows using the loan's effective rate at inception. If a troubled debt restructuring is considered to be a collateral dependent loan, the loan is reported at the fair value of the collateral less estimated selling costs. For troubled debt restructurings that subsequently default, the Loan Fund determines the amount of reserve in accordance with the accounting policy for the allowance for loan losses.

Furniture and equipment: Furniture and equipment is carried at cost less accumulated depreciation. Donations of property and equipment are recorded as contributions at their estimated fair value. Such donations are reported as unrestricted contributions unless the donor has restricted the donated asset to a specific purpose. Assets donated with explicit restrictions regarding their use and contributions of cash that must be used to acquire property and equipment are reported as contributions with donor restrictions. Absent donor stipulations regarding how long those donated assets must be maintained, the Organization reports expirations of donor restrictions when the donated or acquired assets are placed in service as instructed by the donor. Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line method over estimated useful lives ranging from five to seven years. Major renewals, betterments and replacements are capitalized. Maintenance and repairs are charged to expense as incurred.

Impairment of long-lived assets: Long-lived assets are evaluated for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances have indicated that an asset may not be recoverable and are grouped with other assets to the lowest level for which identifiable cash flows are largely independent of the cash flows of other groups of assets and liabilities. If the sum of the projected undiscounted cash flows (excluding interest charges) is less than the carrying value of the assets, the assets will be written down to the estimated fair value and such loss is recognized in income from continuing operations in the period in which the determination is made. Management determined that no impairment of long-lived assets existed as of June 30, 2021 and 2020.

Other liabilities – equity equivalent investments: Other liabilities are subordinated promissory notes with a rolling term (maturity) feature that lenders are classifying as Equity Equivalent Investments (EQ2). EQ2s are unique to the CDFI industry. They were created as a mechanism for not-for-profit CDFIs to acquire equity-like capital.

Florida Community Loan Fund, Inc.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1. Nature of Operations and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Below market interest rate loans: U.S. GAAP requires not-for-profit organizations to record interest expense (income) and contribution revenue (expense) in connection with loans that are interest free or that have below market interest rates. The Loan Fund believes there is no material difference between prevailing community development finance market rates and the stated rates of loans receivable in its portfolios, notes payable or other liabilities. Consequently, no adjustments have been made to the financial statements to reflect rate differentials.

Debt issuance costs: Debt issuance costs are amortized over the term of the long-term debt using the effective interest method. As of June 30, 2021 and 2020, unamortized debt issuance costs were \$198,099 and \$209,105, respectively, which are included in non-current liabilities as a direct reduction of the related long-term debt.

Income taxes: The Organization is exempt from federal income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the IRC and from state income taxes under similar provisions of the Florida Statutes. Accordingly, no provision for federal and state income taxes has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements. In addition, management assessed whether there were any uncertain tax positions which may give rise to income tax liabilities and determined that there were no such matters requiring recognition in the accompanying financial statements.

Functional allocation of expenses: Costs of provided services have been detailed on a functional basis in the accompanying statements of functional expenses. Expenses that can be identified with a specific program or support service are charged directly to the function. Certain other costs have been allocated among program and supporting services benefited. Such allocations are determined by management on an equitable basis that is consistently applied.

Fair value measurements: Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. In determining fair value, the Loan Fund uses various methods including market and income approaches. Based on these approaches, the Loan Fund often uses certain assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability, including assumptions about risk and/or the risks inherent in the inputs to the valuation technique. These inputs can be readily observable, market corroborated or generally unobservable inputs. The Loan Fund uses valuation techniques that maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

New accounting pronouncements: In June 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2016-13, *Financial Instruments – Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments*. ASU 2016-13 amends guidance on reporting credit losses for assets held at amortized cost basis and available for sale debt securities. For assets held at amortized cost basis, ASU 2016-13 eliminates the probable initial recognition threshold in current U.S. GAAP and, instead, requires an entity to reflect its current estimate of all expected credit losses. The allowance for credit losses is a valuation account that is deducted from the amortized cost basis of the financial assets to present the net amount expected to be collected. This ASU affects entities holding financial assets and net investment in leases that are not accounted for at fair value through net income. The amendments affect loans, debt securities, trade receivables, net investments in leases, off balance sheet credit exposures, reinsurance receivables and any other financial assets not excluded from the scope that have the contractual right to receive cash. The amendments in ASU 2016-13 are effective for not-for-profit entities for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2022 (the Loan Fund's fiscal year 2024). The Loan Fund is currently evaluating the impact this ASU will have on its financial statements.

Florida Community Loan Fund, Inc.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1. Nature of Operations and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, *Leases (Topic 842)*, which supersedes Topic 840, *Leases*. ASU 2016-02 requires a lessee to recognize in the statement of financial position a liability to make lease payments (the lease liability) and a right-of-use asset representing its right to use the underlying asset for the lease term. For leases with a term of 12 months or less for which there is not an option to purchase the underlying asset that the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise, a lessee is permitted to make an accounting policy election by class of underlying asset not to recognize lease assets and lease liabilities and should recognize lease expense for such leases generally on a straight-line basis over the lease term. The accounting applied by a lessor is largely unchanged from that applied under previous U.S. GAAP with key aspects of the guidance being aligned with the revenue recognition guidance in Topic 606, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers*. Certain qualitative disclosures along with specific quantitative disclosures will be required so that users are able to understand more about the nature of an entity's leasing activities. ASU 2016-02 will be effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2021 (the Loan Fund's fiscal year 2023). At transition, lessees and lessors are required to recognize and measure leases at the beginning of the earliest period presented using a modified retrospective approach, which includes a number of optional practical expedients related to the identification and classification of leases that commenced before the effective date of ASU 2016-02. An entity that elects to use the practical expedients will, in effect, continue to account for leases that commenced before the effective date in accordance with previous U.S. GAAP unless the lease is modified, except that lessees are required to recognize a right-of-use asset and a lease liability for all operating leases at each reporting date based on the present value of the remaining minimum rental payments that were tracked and disclosed under previous U.S. GAAP. The Loan Fund is currently evaluating the impact this ASU will have on its financial statements.

The FASB issued new or modifications to, or interpretations of, existing accounting guidance during 2020. The Loan Fund has considered the new pronouncements that altered U.S. GAAP, and other than as disclosed in these notes to the financial statements, does not believe that any other new or modified principles will have a material impact on the Loan Fund's reported financial position or activities.

Subsequent events: Management has assessed subsequent events through October 27, 2021, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Note 2. New Markets Tax Credit Program

The Loan Fund has been granted status by the United States Department of the Treasury as a certified Community Development Entity (CDE), under the New Markets Tax Credit Program (NMTC) administered by the CDFI Fund. During fiscal years 2004 through 2021, the Loan Fund received allocations totaling \$316 million for this program. During fiscal years 2014 and 2015, the Loan Fund received \$4.8 million and \$6.4 million, respectively, in state of Florida allocation from the Florida New Markets Development Program. The Loan Fund has 16 active CDEs (collectively the CDE LLCs), as of June 30, 2021. The CDE LLCs were formed as Florida limited liability companies in which the Loan Fund serves as the managing member with a 0.01% interest and unrelated investor members serve as regular members with a 99.99% interest. The Loan Fund does not consolidate these entities due to the rights granted to the investor members as defined in the respective operating agreements. The investor members' rights overcome the presumption of control of the managing member.

As of June 30, 2021 and 2020, the total investment amount is \$18,416 and \$19,848, respectively, and is included in other current assets in the accompanying statements of financial position.

Florida Community Loan Fund, Inc.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 2. New Markets Tax Credit Program (Continued)

The fiscal year end for these companies is December 31, and each company has an annual audit performed by an independent auditor after its first complete year of operations. Below is a summary of the unaudited interim financial information for these companies for the interim six-month periods ended June 30, 2021 and 2020:

	2021	2020
Total assets	\$ 170,154,332	\$ 199,978,569
Total liabilities	321,069	374,180
Members' equity	169,833,263	199,604,389
Total revenue	1,033,049	1,149,901
Total expenses	1,097,689	1,127,382
Total other income	21,940	10,630
Net (loss) income	(42,700)	33,149

The active CDE LLCs have made qualified low-income community investments (QLICs) within the meaning of the NMTC program and IRC Section 45D. The Loan Fund entered into agreements with the investor members who provided approximately \$187,417,094 in cumulative qualified equity investments (QEIs) as of June 30, 2021, to make QLICs from the active CDE LLCs. By making QLICs, the CDE LLCs enable investor members to claim approximately \$73,000,000 of NMTC over a seven-year credit period. In connection for obtaining allocation, establishing the CDE LLCs, and making sub-allocation to the CDE LLCs, the Loan Fund earned upfront fees of \$987,000 and \$1,458,000 for the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively, which are included as a component of fees and other in the accompanying statements of activities.

Terms of the agreements with the investor members require the Loan Fund to maintain certain covenants to avoid recapture of NMTC and possible reimbursement of a portion of upfront fees it has received. At June 30, 2021, the Loan Fund is in compliance with all covenants that would cause a recapture of NMTC and management expects to maintain compliance throughout the seven-year life of each NMTC.

Note 3. Investments

A summary of the Loan Fund's investments at fair value as of June 30, 2021 and 2020, is as follows:

	2021	2020
Current:		
Mutual funds:		
Short-term bonds	\$ 2,095,690	\$ 189,254
Debt securities:		
Domestic corporate debt securities	486,270	350,519
Total current securities	2,581,960	539,773
Noncurrent:		
Debt securities:		
Domestic corporate debt securities	2,272,658	3,624,100
Foreign corporate debt securities	53,864	55,029
Certificate of deposit	505,039	500,014
Other investment	808,389	765,000
Total noncurrent securities	3,639,950	4,944,143
	\$ 6,221,910	\$ 5,483,916

Florida Community Loan Fund, Inc.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 3. Investments (Continued)

The Loan Fund invests in various investment securities in accordance with its investment policy. These investment securities are exposed to various risks, such as interest rate, market and credit risk. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities and the uncertainty related to changes in their values, it is reasonable to expect that changes in the values of the investment securities will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect the investment balance.

Investment expenses are netted against investment income. Investment returns consist of interest and dividends and realized and unrealized gains and losses. Investment return is summarized for the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, as follows:

	2021	2020
Interest and dividends, net of investment expenses	\$ 154,554	\$ 246,264
Net realized and unrealized (losses) gains	(16,618)	80,876
Investment income, net	<u>\$ 137,936</u>	<u>\$ 327,140</u>

Note 4. Participated Loans and Loan Servicing

The transfer of loan participations by the Loan Fund meets the requirements to be recognized as sale transactions and, as such, these loans serviced for others in which the Loan Fund serves as lead lender as defined in the participation agreements are excluded from loans receivable and liabilities in the accompanying statements of financial position. The unpaid principal balances of loans serviced for others at June 30, 2021 and 2020, are as follows:

	2021	2020
Loan portfolio serviced for:		
Miami Homes for All	<u>\$ 143,481</u>	<u>\$ 151,593</u>

Note 5. Loans Receivable

Loans receivable at June 30, 2021 and 2020, are classified as follows:

	2021	2020
Loans by collateral:		
1.0% – 6.125%, secured by real estate (mortgage)	\$ 81,689,659	\$ 81,011,466
0.0%, Unsecured	759,031	1,062,670
	<u>82,448,690</u>	<u>82,074,136</u>
Less allowance for loan losses	(4,861,536)	(4,667,404)
	<u>\$ 77,587,154</u>	<u>\$ 77,406,732</u>

Florida Community Loan Fund, Inc.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 5. Loans Receivable (Continued)

Scheduled principal payments on loans receivable subsequent to June 30, 2021, are as follows:

Years ending June 30:	
2022	\$ 20,131,594
2023	8,213,243
2024	5,626,914
2025	6,149,703
2026	4,730,228
Thereafter	37,597,008
	<u>\$ 82,448,690</u>

Loans by type at June 30, 2021 and 2020, are as follows:

	2021	
	Outstanding	Undisbursed
Loans by type:		
Rental housing	\$ 39,542,963	\$ 7,512,223
Supportive housing	9,089,390	591,179
For sale housing	12,240,880	9,746,404
Community facility	12,412,910	217,537
Commercial real estate	9,162,547	218,509
	<u>\$ 82,448,690</u>	<u>\$ 18,285,852</u>

	2020	
	Outstanding	Undisbursed
Loans by type:		
Rental housing	\$ 41,436,587	8,871,195
Supportive housing	7,681,998	293,852
For sale housing	10,471,796	12,270,088
Community facility	13,742,816	400,000
Commercial real estate	8,740,939	621,466
	<u>\$ 82,074,136</u>	<u>\$ 22,456,601</u>

The undisbursed portion of loans shown above are loans closed but not fully disbursed and are available to be drawn upon by the borrowers, such as construction loans and lines of credit.

As part of the on-going monitoring of the credit quality of the Loan Fund's loan portfolio, management categorizes loans into risk categories based on relevant information about the ability of borrowers to service their debt and comply with various terms of their loan agreements. The Loan Fund considers current financial information, historical payment experience, credit documentation, public information and current economic trends. Generally, all loans receive a financial review no less than twice per year to monitor and adjust, if necessary, the credit's risk profile.

Florida Community Loan Fund, Inc.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 5. Loans Receivable (Continued)

The Loan Fund categorizes loans into the following risk categories based on relevant information about the ability of borrowers to service their debt:

Excellent/acceptable: The loan is well protected by the current worth and paying capacity of the borrower (or guarantors, if any) or by the fair value, less cost to acquire and sell, of any collateral in a timely manner.

Weak: A loan with a risk rating of five has potential weaknesses and deserves closer attention by management. If left uncorrected, these potential weaknesses may result in deterioration of the repayment prospects for the loan or in the Loan Fund's credit position at some future date. Weak loans are not adversely classified and do not expose the Loan Fund to sufficient risk to warrant adverse classification.

Inadequate/substandard: An inadequate/substandard loan, or risk rating of six through eight, is a loan with well-defined weaknesses that puts repayment at risk. These loans are often inadequately protected by the current sound worth and paying capacity of the borrower or of the collateral pledged. These loans are characterized by the possibility that the Loan Fund will sustain some loss of principal and/or interest if the risks are not addressed.

Doubtful: A loan that has weaknesses, or a risk rating of nine, inherent in the inadequate/substandard category, with the added risk that the weaknesses make collection in full, on the basis of currently known facts, conditions and values, highly questionable and improbable. The possibility of loss is extremely likely, but it is not identified at this point due to pending factors.

Loss: A loan classified as loss, or risk rated 10, is considered uncollectible and of such little value that its continuance on the Loan Fund's books as an asset is not warranted. This classification does not necessarily mean that an asset has no recovery value; but rather, there is much doubt about whether how much, or when, the recovery would occur. As such, it is not practical or desirable to defer the write-off. Therefore, there is no balance to report.

The following tables present the risk category of loans evaluated by internal asset classification based on the most recent analysis performed at June 30, 2021 and 2020:

	2021			
	Excellent/ Acceptable	Weak	Inadequate/ Substandard	Total
Rental housing	\$ 38,159,097	\$ 814,305	\$ 569,561	\$ 39,542,963
Supportive housing	6,808,036	2,071,098	210,256	9,089,390
For sale housing	12,040,588	-	200,292	12,240,880
Community facility	11,339,135	100,000	973,775	12,412,910
Commercial real estate	7,467,655	351,711	1,343,181	9,162,547
	<u>\$ 75,814,511</u>	<u>\$ 3,337,114</u>	<u>\$ 3,297,065</u>	<u>\$ 82,448,690</u>

Florida Community Loan Fund, Inc.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 5. Loans Receivable (Continued)

	2020			
	Excellent/ Acceptable	Weak	Inadequate/ Substandard	Total
Rental housing	\$ 40,224,787	\$ 604,728	\$ 607,072	\$ 41,436,587
Supportive housing	5,262,851	2,052,891	366,256	7,681,998
For sale housing	9,892,356	228,828	350,612	10,471,796
Community facility	12,750,163	-	992,653	13,742,816
Commercial real estate	6,774,401	1,139,241	827,297	8,740,939
	<u>\$ 74,904,558</u>	<u>\$ 4,025,688</u>	<u>\$ 3,143,890</u>	<u>\$ 82,074,136</u>

As of June 30, 2021 or 2020, there were no loans classified as doubtful or loss.

	2021					
	Rental Housing	Supportive Housing	For Sale Housing	Community Facilities	Commercial Real Estate	Total
Allowance for Loan Losses						
Beginning balance	\$ 2,230,553	\$ 633,694	\$ 498,446	\$ 745,041	\$ 559,670	\$ 4,667,404
Provision for loan losses (recoveries)	(57,530)	89,327	116,940	(78,510)	382,104	452,331
Recoveries of amounts previously charged off	-	-	7,500	-	-	7,500
Write-off of uncollectible loans	-	(100,000)	-	-	(165,699)	(265,699)
Ending balance	<u>\$ 2,173,023</u>	<u>\$ 623,021</u>	<u>\$ 622,886</u>	<u>\$ 666,531</u>	<u>\$ 776,075</u>	<u>\$ 4,861,536</u>
End of year allowance amount allocated:						
Loans individually evaluated for impairment	\$ 40,135	\$ -	\$ 80,978	\$ 223,268	\$ 220,000	\$ 564,381
Loans collectively evaluated for impairment	2,132,888	623,021	541,908	443,263	556,075	4,297,155
	<u>\$ 2,173,023</u>	<u>\$ 623,021</u>	<u>\$ 622,886</u>	<u>\$ 666,531</u>	<u>\$ 776,075</u>	<u>\$ 4,861,536</u>
Loans:						
Individually evaluated for impairment	\$ 569,561	\$ 210,256	\$ 200,292	\$ 1,651,359	\$ 665,598	\$ 3,297,066
Collectively evaluated for impairment	38,973,402	8,879,134	12,040,588	10,761,551	8,496,949	79,151,624
	<u>\$ 39,542,963</u>	<u>\$ 9,089,390</u>	<u>\$ 12,240,880</u>	<u>\$ 12,412,910</u>	<u>\$ 9,162,547</u>	<u>\$ 82,448,690</u>

	2020					
	Rental Housing	Supportive Housing	For Sale Housing	Community Facilities	Commercial Real Estate	Total
Allowance for Loan Losses						
Beginning balance	\$ 1,688,553	\$ 509,091	\$ 438,288	\$ 334,809	\$ 490,005	\$ 3,460,746
Provision for loan losses (recoveries)	542,000	124,603	52,658	510,232	69,665	1,299,158
Recoveries of amounts previously charged off	-	-	7,500	-	-	7,500
Write-off of uncollectible loans	-	-	-	(100,000)	-	(100,000)
Ending balance	<u>\$ 2,230,553</u>	<u>\$ 633,694</u>	<u>\$ 498,446</u>	<u>\$ 745,041</u>	<u>\$ 559,670</u>	<u>\$ 4,667,404</u>
End of year allowance amount allocated:						
Loans individually evaluated for impairment	\$ 49,295	\$ 80,464	\$ -	\$ 96,898	\$ -	\$ 226,657
Loans collectively evaluated for impairment	2,181,258	553,230	498,446	648,143	559,670	4,440,747
	<u>\$ 2,230,553</u>	<u>\$ 633,694</u>	<u>\$ 498,446</u>	<u>\$ 745,041</u>	<u>\$ 559,670</u>	<u>\$ 4,667,404</u>
Loans:						
Individually evaluated for impairment	\$ 657,072	\$ 316,256	\$ 350,612	\$ 992,653	\$ 827,297	\$ 3,143,890
Collectively evaluated for impairment	40,779,515	7,365,742	10,121,184	12,750,163	7,913,642	78,930,246
	<u>\$ 41,436,587</u>	<u>\$ 7,681,998</u>	<u>\$ 10,471,796</u>	<u>\$ 13,742,816</u>	<u>\$ 8,740,939</u>	<u>\$ 82,074,136</u>

Florida Community Loan Fund, Inc.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 5. Loans Receivable (Continued)

As of June 30, 2021 or 2020, scheduled principal payments on mortgages and loans receivable past due are as follows:

	2021					
	Non-Accrual Loans			Total Past Due and Non-Accrual Loans	Current Loans	Total Loans
	Current Loans and 1-30 Days Past Due	Loans 31-90 Days Past Due	Loans 91+ Days Past Due			
Rental housing	\$ 49,123	\$ -	\$ 377,328	\$ 426,451	\$ 39,116,512	\$ 39,542,963
Supportive housing	210,256	-	-	210,256	8,879,134	9,089,390
For sale housing	-	-	200,292	200,292	12,040,588	12,240,880
Community facility	-	-	-	-	12,412,910	12,412,910
Commercial real estate	677,584	-	665,598	1,343,182	7,819,365	9,162,547
Total loans	\$ 936,963	\$ -	\$ 1,243,218	\$ 2,180,181	\$ 80,268,509	\$ 82,448,690

	2020					
	Non-Accrual Loans			Total Past Due and Non-Accrual Loans	Current Loans	Total Loans
	Current Loans and 1-30 Days Past Due	Loans 31-90 Days Past Due	Loans 91+ Days Past Due			
Rental housing	\$ 52,330	\$ -	\$ 390,857	\$ 443,187	\$ 40,993,400	\$ 41,436,587
Supportive housing	366,256	-	-	366,256	7,315,742	7,681,998
For sale housing	350,612	-	-	350,612	10,121,184	10,471,796
Community facility	-	-	-	-	13,742,816	13,742,816
Commercial real estate	827,297	-	-	827,297	7,913,642	8,740,939
Total loans	\$ 1,596,495	\$ -	\$ 390,857	\$ 1,987,352	\$ 80,086,784	\$ 82,074,136

Information about nonaccrual and impaired loans as of and for the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, is summarized as follows:

	2021					
	Rental Housing	Supportive Housing	For Sale Housing	Community Facilities	Commercial Real Estate	Total
Impaired loans with a valuation allowance	\$ 163,610	\$ -	\$ 200,292	\$ 1,651,359	\$ 665,598	\$ 2,680,859
Impaired loans without a valuation allowance	405,951	210,256	-	-	-	616,207
Allowance related to impaired loans	40,135	-	80,978	223,268	220,000	564,381
Average investment in impaired loans during 2021	613,317	263,256	275,452	1,322,006	746,447	3,220,478
Loans on non-accrual status	426,451	210,256	200,292	677,584	665,598	2,180,181
Interest income recognized on impaired loans during the year	7,669	-	-	83,293	-	90,962

	2020					
	Rental Housing	Supportive Housing	For Sale Housing	Community Facilities	Commercial Real Estate	Total
Impaired loans with a valuation allowance	\$ 534,242	\$ 216,256	\$ -	\$ 992,653	\$ -	\$ 1,743,151
Impaired loans without a valuation allowance	122,830	100,000	350,612	-	827,297	1,400,739
Allowance related to impaired loans	49,295	80,464	-	96,898	-	226,657
Average investment in impaired loans during 2020	762,448	308,640	263,374	764,068	463,648	2,562,178
Loans on non-accrual status	443,187	366,256	350,612	-	827,297	1,987,352
Interest income recognized on impaired loans during the year	3,015	14,936	7,865	41,267	30,573	97,656

No interest income was recognized on a cash basis during 2021 and 2020.

Florida Community Loan Fund, Inc.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 5. Loans Receivable (Continued)

Impaired loans include loans modified in troubled debt restructurings where concessions have been granted to borrowers experiencing financial difficulties. These concessions could include a reduction of interest rate on the loan, payment extensions, forbearance or other actions intended to maximize collection.

The following table presents impaired loans classified as troubled debt restructurings and the financial effects of troubled debt restructurings for the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020:

	2021				
	Number of Loans	Pre-Modification Outstanding Loan Balance	Post-Modification Outstanding Loan Balance	Forgiven Principal	Lost Interest Income
Supportive housing	1	\$ 210,256	\$ 210,256	\$ -	\$ -
2020					
	Number of Loans	Pre-Modification Outstanding Loan Balance	Post-Modification Outstanding Loan Balance	Forgiven Principal	Lost Interest Income
Supportive housing	1	\$ 216,256	\$ 216,256	\$ -	\$ -
For sale housing	1	158,757	158,757	-	-
Community facility	1	475,000	475,000	-	-
Total	3	\$ 850,013	\$ 850,013	\$ -	\$ -

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, one supportive housing loan with an outstanding balance of \$210,256 was modified twice to allow reduced payments through July 2021. This loan was a 2019 impaired loan.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, three loans totaling \$850,013 were provided concessions or other modifications that would be considered a troubled debt restructuring. One for sale housing loan with an outstanding balance of \$158,757 was modified to provide a one-year extension of maturity date; this loan was a 2019 impaired loan. One community facility loan with an outstanding balance of \$475,000 was modified to provide a one-year extension of maturity date; this loan was a 2019 impaired loan. One supportive housing loan with an outstanding balance of \$216,256 was modified to provide a six-month payment forbearance along with reduced payments for three months; this loan was a 2019 impaired loan.

In its estimate of the specific allowance for loan losses, management considers the probability of troubled debt restructurings and its impact on expected cash flows in accordance with the loan policies and impaired loans guidance for troubled debt restructurings.

At June 30, 2021 and 2020, the recorded investment of loans receivable secured by real estate for which formal foreclosure proceedings are in process is approximately \$200,000 and \$0, respectively

During 2020, the Loan Fund began offering loan payment relief options to customers impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic, including interest-only and forbearance options. Consistent with accounting and regulatory guidance, temporary modifications granted under these programs are not considered TDRs. Loans which have been modified under these programs during the year ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, were \$880,219 and \$20,663,248, respectively. As of June 30, 2021 and 2020, loans for which the interest-only and/or forbearance period have not expired totaled \$880,219 and \$17,439,787, respectively.

Florida Community Loan Fund, Inc.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 6. Concentration of Credit Risk

As of June 30, 2021, all of the Loan Fund's loans receivable was due from borrowers located throughout Florida. Therefore, the Loan Fund's exposure to credit risk is significantly affected by changes in the economy and real estate markets in Florida.

Note 7. Notes Payable, Bonds Payable and Lines of Credit

In September 2017, Opportunity Finance Network (OFN), as a Qualified Issuer under the United States Department of Treasury's CDFI Bond Guarantee Program, issued a \$30,000,000 Future Advance Promissory Bond, 2017-4 (the 2017-4 Bond) on behalf of the Organization. The 2017-4 Bond qualifies as tax-exempt, which requires the Organization to use the proceeds for specified purposes, as defined in the bond agreement between OFN and the Organization, signed in conjunction with the bond issuance. In accordance with the loan agreement, the \$30,000,000 is available to be drawn down for the financing or refinancing for community or economic development purposes, debt issuance costs in an amount not to exceed 1% of Bond Loan proceeds and capitalization of loan loss reserves in an amount that is up to 5% of the par amount of the 2017-4 Bond, or such other amount that is determined by the CDFI Fund in its sole discretion.

As of June 30, 2021, the Loan Fund drew \$2,955,650 on the 2017-4 Bond. Interest on the 2017-4 Bond is calculated at a variable rate equal to three eighths of 1% per annum (0.375%) over the current average yield on outstanding marketable obligations of the United States of comparable maturity, as determined by the Secretary of the Treasury. The 2017-4 Bond matures on March 15, 2047. The 2017-4 Bond is collateralized by a designated portion of the Organization's loan receivables and cash.

Notes payable, bonds payable, other than the 2017-4 Bond and lines of credit, are unsecured and include amounts due to foundations, individuals, financial institutions, corporations, religious organizations, the federal CDFI Fund and trade associations. The 2017-4 Bond is collateralized by a first lien on loans receivable, cash, and other credit enhancements. The Loan Fund's obligations under notes payable, bonds payable and lines of credit at June 30, 2021 and 2020, consist of the following amounts:

	2021	2020
Unsecured:		
1.73%-2.103%: Two (2) and one (1), respectively, convertible lines of credit, interest only, payable quarterly, matures September 2025.	\$ 10,000,000	\$ 1,000,000
2.00%: Two (2) and one lines of credit, respectively, interest only, payable periodically, with \$450,000 annual principal payments beginning February 2022 and \$750,000 annual principal payments, beginning December 2019, respectively, maturing February 2024 and December 2023, respectively.	7,750,000	7,750,000
2.0%: One (1) investment bond payable, interest only payable semi-annually, matures August 2024. The Organization received a temporary rate reduction to 0.25% from January 2020 through December 2020.	5,000,000	5,000,000
2.25%: One (1) line of credit, interest only, payable quarterly, converting to five year term December 2021, interest only until maturity in December 2026.	4,000,000	4,000,000
3.7%: One (1) note payable; principal and interest payable quarterly, in payments of \$83,333 beginning June 2019, remaining principal and interest due March 2024.	3,858,333	4,666,667
3.0%: One (1) note payable, interest only, payable quarterly, with four \$909,091 annual principal payments beginning September 2021, matures September 2024.	3,636,364	3,636,364

(Continued)

Florida Community Loan Fund, Inc.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 7. Notes Payable, Bonds Payable and Lines of Credit (Continued)

	2021	2020
2.75%: One (1) note payable, interest only through November 2022, then principal and interest payments of payable monthly, matures November 2031.	\$ 3,000,000	\$ 3,000,000
2.0%-2.8%: Six (6) investment bonds payable, interest only, payable annually, maturities 2024 through 2028.	3,000,000	3,000,000
2.0%-2.9%: Thirteen (13) notes payable and lines of credit, interest only, payable periodically, maturities through March 2025.	2,313,000	2,763,000
2.50%: One (1) note payable, interest only, payable quarterly, matures January 2023.	2,000,000	2,000,000
2.50%: One (1) note payable, interest only, payable quarterly, with four consecutive \$375,000 biennial principal payments beginning May 2017, final \$500,000 principal payment in May 2025 at maturity.	875,000	1,250,000
3.50%: One (1) note payable, interest only, payable quarterly, matures November 2024.	1,000,000	1,000,000
3.0%: One (1) note payable, interest only, payable quarterly, matures January 2030.	1,000,000	1,000,000
2.5%: One (1) note payable, interest only, payable annually, matures September 2024. Effective April 30, 2020, the Organization received a temporary rate reduction to 2.0% through September 30, 2021.	1,000,000	1,000,000
3.0%: Five (5) notes payable, principal and interest, or interest only, payable periodically, various maturities through March 2026.	745,000	815,000
1.0%: One (1) Paycheck Protection Program note payable, monthly principal and interest payments are deferred until the SBA has reviewed the Organization's forgiveness applications in accordance with the CARES Act. If not forgiven, the unforgiven portion of the loan matures April 2022.	345,000	345,000
0%-1.9%: Six (6) notes payable; various maturities through May 2025.	274,040	274,040
	<u>49,796,737</u>	<u>42,500,071</u>
Secured:		
2.53%: One (1) bond payable, principal and interest payable quarterly, in payments of \$29,205, began December 2019, matures June 2039.	2,748,814	2,868,034
	<u>52,545,551</u>	<u>45,368,105</u>
Less current portion	(3,394,685)	(5,840,248)
Less debt issuance costs related to non-current bond payable	(198,099)	(209,105)
	<u>\$ 48,952,767</u>	<u>\$ 39,318,752</u>

Principal maturity requirements on notes payable subsequent to June 30, 2021, are as follows:

Years ending June 30:	
2022	\$ 3,394,685
2023	6,075,804
2024	10,243,833
2025	10,655,141
2026	11,445,368
Thereafter	<u>10,730,720</u>
	<u>\$ 52,545,551</u>

Florida Community Loan Fund, Inc.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 7. Notes Payable, Bonds Payable and Lines of Credit (Continued)

Undisbursed commitments to borrow: In the ordinary course of business, the Loan Fund has entered into lines of credit, which includes undisbursed commitments to borrow. Undisbursed commitments to borrow and the outstanding balances at June 30, 2021, are as follows:

	Total Line of Credit	June 30, 2021 Outstanding
Unsecured revolving line of credit with TD Bank at a 2.0% interest rate with a maturity date of December 18, 2023	\$ 6,000,000	\$ 5,250,000
Unsecured revolving line of credit with TD Bank at a 2.00% interest rate with a maturity date of February 28, 2024	2,500,000	2,500,000
Unsecured revolving line of credit with TD Bank at a 2.0% interest rate with a maturity date of June 30, 2026	3,000,000	-
Unsecured non-revolving line of credit with PNC Bank at a 1.73% interest rate with a maturity date of September 25, 2025	5,000,000	5,000,000
Unsecured non-revolving line of credit with PNC Bank at a 2.103% interest rate with a maturity date of September 25, 2025	5,000,000	5,000,000
Unsecured revolving line of credit with HSBC Bank USA at a 2.25% interest rate with a maturity date of December 31, 2026, and a draw period through December 31, 2021.	4,000,000	4,000,000
Unsecured revolving note with Comerica Bank at a floating interest rate of one-month LIBOR plus 1.50% with a maturity date of January 1, 2022.	1,000,000	-
	<u>\$ 26,500,000</u>	<u>\$ 21,750,000</u>

Note 8. Other Liabilities – Equity Equivalent Investments

The Organization has outstanding amounts due under equity equivalent subordinated promissory note agreements at June 30, 2021 and 2020, as follows:

	2021	2020
BBVA Compass, 2% interest only, payable quarterly. Initial 10 year term; unsecured; subordinated and initially matures December 2025, with annual maturity terms thereafter.	\$ 5,000,000	\$ 5,000,000
Wells Fargo, 2% interest only, payable quarterly. Initial 10 year term; unsecured; subordinated and initially matures June 2023, with annual maturity terms thereafter.	2,500,000	2,500,000
Good to Grow Fund EQ2, 3% interest only, payable annually, Initial 10 year term, unsecured; subordinated and initially matures in June 2029, with annual maturity terms thereafter.	1,500,000	1,500,000
Raymond James Bank, 2% interest only, payable quarterly. Initial 10 year term, unsecured; subordinated and initially matures in March 2030, with five year extended maturity thereafter.	1,000,000	1,000,000
Raymond James Bank, 2% interest only, payable quarterly. Initial 10 year term, unsecured; subordinated and initially matures in December 2023, with five year extended maturity thereafter.	500,000	500,000
Regions Bank, 2% interest only, payable quarterly. Initial 10 year term; unsecured; subordinated and matures in July 2022, with annual maturity terms thereafter.	500,000	500,000

(Continued)

Florida Community Loan Fund, Inc.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 8. Other Liabilities – Equity Equivalent Investments (Continued)

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Regions Bank, 2% interest only, payable annually. Initial 10 year term; unsecured; subordinated and matures in January 2022 with annual maturity terms thereafter.	\$ 500,000	\$ 500,000
CIT Bank (fka Mutual of Omaha Bank), 2% interest only, payable quarterly. Initial 10 year term, unsecured; subordinated and initially mature in April 2028 with annual maturity terms thereafter.	250,000	250,000
	<u>11,750,000</u>	<u>11,750,000</u>
Less current portion	(500,000)	(500,000)
	<u>\$ 11,250,000</u>	<u>\$ 11,250,000</u>

These notes are subordinated to all other debt of the Loan Fund.

Principal maturity requirements on equity equivalent investments subsequent to June 30, 2021, are as follows:

Years ending June 30:	
2022	\$ 500,000
2023	3,000,000
2024	500,000
2025	-
2026	5,000,000
Thereafter	<u>2,750,000</u>
	<u>\$ 11,750,000</u>

Florida Community Loan Fund, Inc.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 9. Liquidity and Availability of Resources

As of June 30, 2021, the following reflects the Loan Fund's financial assets, reduced by amounts not available for general use because of contractual or donor-imposed restrictions, board designations and amounts set aside for operating reserve within one year of June 30, 2021.

	2021	2020
Financial assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 23,078,882	\$ 13,932,630
Loans receivable, net	77,587,154	77,406,732
Investments and Federal Home Loan Bank stock	6,273,910	5,569,116
Other financial assets	419,938	616,299
Total financial assets	<u>107,359,884</u>	<u>97,524,777</u>
Less those unavailable for general expenditures within one year, due to:		
Reserved for loan capital:		
Loans receivable, net	(77,587,154)	(77,406,732)
Investments available for loans	(4,993,569)	(4,804,116)
Available cash and equivalents designated by the board for loan capital	(12,005,080)	(4,909,525)
Cash with donor-imposed restrictions	(956,451)	(1,800,780)
Grant receivable – with donor restriction	-	(100,000)
Not due within one year:		
Equity investment in related entities	(1,313,428)	(765,000)
Other financial assets	(58,417)	(60,956)
Financial assets available to meet cash needs for general expenditures within one year	<u>\$ 10,445,785</u>	<u>\$ 7,677,668</u>

The Loan Fund is substantially supported by earned revenues (New Markets Tax Credit fees and interest income on its loans receivable to borrowers) and public support. The Loan Fund maintains sufficient capital and operating reserves in order to service its debt obligations, fund additional loans and pay general expenditures as they become due. Some financial assets may not be available to meet cash needs within one year.

The Loan Fund's cash management and liquidity policies ensure adequate resources are available to meet capital requirements and that funds are available as general expenditures and other obligations become due. In the event of a sudden need for financing capital, the Loan Fund maintains available lines of credit sufficient to meet these needs. Financial assets reserved for loan capital are removed from the calculation above, as such assets are not part of the Loan Fund's assets available to meet needs for general expenditures. Additionally, as discussed in Note 7, the Loan Fund has available approximately \$27,000,000 on a \$30,000,000 bond, to be used for the funding of loans. As part of its cash management policies, the Loan Fund aims to maintain operating liquidity balances of at least three months. As of June 30, 2021, the Loan Fund had operating liquidity equivalent to 20-months projected operating expenses.

Florida Community Loan Fund, Inc.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 10. Net Assets

Net assets without donor restrictions totals \$41,914,051 at June 30, 2021, and consists of \$35,620,928 designated by the Board of Directors for loans and \$6,293,123 undesignated.

Net assets with donor restrictions for a specified purpose at June 30, 2021 and 2020, are as follows:

	2021	2020
Healthy food access initiative:		
Loan capital grants	\$ 466,998	\$ 500,886
Program expense grants	60,000	60,000
	<u>526,998</u>	<u>560,886</u>
Rental housing initiative:		
Loan capital grants	-	85,278
Program expense grants	431,451	431,451
	<u>431,451</u>	<u>516,729</u>
Emergency working capital loan program	-	445,165
Total net assets with donor restrictions	<u>\$ 958,449</u>	<u>\$ 1,522,780</u>

The CDFI Fund provided loan capital grants for the healthy food access initiative as of June 30, 2021 and 2020.

ReFresh provided grants for program expenses related to healthy food access initiative as of June 30, 2021 and 2020.

The JP Morgan Chase Foundation provided a PRO Neighborhoods loan capital and program expense grant for the rental housing initiative as of June 30, 2021 and 2020.

Various groups provided loan capital grants for the Emergency Working Capital Loan Program as of June 30, 2020.

Note 11. Commitments

Commitments to extend credit: In the normal course of business to meet the financing needs of its borrowers the Loan Fund is a party to commitments to extend credit. Those instruments involve, to varying degrees, elements of credit, liquidity and interest rate risk in excess of the amount recognized in the statements of financial position. The Loan Fund uses the same credit policies in making commitments to extend credit as it does for extension of credits recorded in the statements of financial position. The Loan Fund's exposure to credit loss in the event of nonperformance by the other party for commitments to extend credit is represented by the contractual amount of those instruments.

Commitments to extend credit include loan commitments and line of credit agreements to lend to a borrower as long as there is no violation of any condition established in the contract. Commitments generally have fixed expiration dates or other termination clauses. Since many of the commitments may expire without being fully drawn upon, the total commitment amounts do not necessarily represent future cash requirements. There were eight loan commitments at June 30, 2021, for \$8,618,500, and seven loan commitments at June 30, 2020, for \$3,743,012. In addition, undisbursed borrowers' lines of credit approximated \$18,286,000 and \$22,457,000 (see Note 5) at June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

The Loan Fund evaluates each borrower's creditworthiness on a case-by-case basis. The amount of collateral obtained, if any, is based on management's credit evaluation of the borrower.

Florida Community Loan Fund, Inc.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 12. Lease Commitments

The Loan Fund leases its office site and other office equipment. These leases have remaining terms of one to 10 years and are accounted for as operating leases. Rent expense under the said leases was approximately \$257,000 and \$162,000 for the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively, and is included in occupancy and office and administrative in the accompanying statements of functional expenses. Total commitments for future rentals, by year and in the aggregate, to be paid as of June 30, 2021, are as follows:

Years ending June 30:	
2022	\$ 255,226
2023	239,150
2024	263,724
2025	273,995
2026	280,817
Thereafter	1,231,314
	<u>\$ 2,544,226</u>

Note 13. Employee Retirement Plan

The Loan Fund has a defined contribution retirement plan for employees, which permits pre-tax contributions to the plan by participants pursuant to Section 403(b) of the IRC up to the legal maximums, as defined. The Loan Fund makes contributions based on a formula set forth in its personnel policies. Participants are immediately vested in their contributions and the Loan Fund's contributions. The Loan Fund made contributions to the plan for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, of approximately \$203,000 and \$208,000, respectively, which are included in payroll and related costs in the accompanying statements of functional expenses.

Note 14. Fair Value Measurements

The fair value measurement accounting literature provides a framework for measuring fair value. That framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The valuation hierarchy is based upon the transparency of inputs to the valuation of an asset or liability as of the measurement date. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs. The three levels are defined as follows:

Level 1: Quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: Observable market-based inputs or unobservable inputs that are corroborated by market data.

Level 3: Unobservable inputs that are not corroborated by market data.

A financial instrument's categorization within the valuation hierarchy is based upon the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement on a recurring or nonrecurring basis.

Florida Community Loan Fund, Inc.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 14. Fair Value Measurements (Continued)

The fair values of assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis during the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, are as follows:

	2021			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Mutual funds:				
Short-term bonds	\$ 2,095,690	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,095,690
Debt securities:				
Domestic corporate debt securities	-	2,758,928	-	2,758,928
Foreign corporate debt securities	-	53,864	-	53,864
	-	2,812,792	-	2,812,792
	\$ 2,095,690	\$ 2,812,792	\$ -	\$ 4,908,482

	2020			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Mutual funds:				
Short-term bonds	\$ 189,254	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 189,254
Debt securities:				
Domestic corporate debt securities	-	3,974,619	-	3,974,619
Foreign corporate debt securities	-	55,029	-	55,029
	-	4,029,648	-	4,029,648
	\$ 189,254	\$ 4,029,648	\$ -	\$ 4,218,902

The fair value of actively traded investment securities are based on quoted market prices. Fair value of inactively traded investment securities are based on quoted market prices of similar securities or based on observable inputs like interest rates using either a market or income valuation approach and are generally classified as Level 2. There were no transfers of securities between fair value hierarchy categories during the years ending June 30, 2021 or 2020.

The fair values of assets measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis during the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, are as follows:

	2021			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Provision for Loan Losses (Recoveries)
Impaired loans	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 549,733	\$ 127,851

	2020			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Provision for Loan Losses (Recoveries)
Impaired loans	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

Florida Community Loan Fund, Inc.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 14. Fair Value Measurements (Continued)

Impaired loans include certain loans for which an allowance for loan losses has been calculated based upon the fair value of underlying real estate collateral. The allowance for loan losses was calculated by reference to real estate appraisals that used a combination of cost, market and income approaches to valuation and/or reported tax assessed values, adjusted to reflect management's estimate of selling costs. In some cases, appraised values were adjusted based on management's assessment of changes in market conditions since the appraisal date.

Non-accrual loans and loans past due 90 days still on accrual include both smaller balance homogeneous loans that are collectively evaluated for impairment and individually classified impaired loans. Impaired loans include commercial loans that are individual evaluated for impairment and deemed impaired (i.e., individually classified impaired loans) as well as troubled debt restructurings for all loan portfolio segments. The sum of non-accrual loans and loans past due 90 days still on accrual will differ from the total impaired loan amount.

Note 15. Subsequent Events

In July 2021, the Loan Fund closed a \$2,000,000 unsecured line of credit from financial institution towards its lending programs. As of October 27, 2021, \$0 is outstanding.

In August 2021, the Loan Fund was awarded \$1,826,264 in Rapid Response Program award from the United States Department of Treasury's CDFI Fund towards its lending programs.

In September 2021, the Loan Fund was awarded \$35,000,000 in New Market Tax Credit allocation from United States Department of Treasury's CDFI Fund.

Note 16. COVID-19

On January 30, 2020, the World Health Organization declared the coronavirus outbreak (COVID-19) a "Public Health Emergency of International Concern" and, on March 11, 2020, declared it to be a pandemic. Actions taken around the world to help mitigate the spread of the coronavirus include restrictions on travel, quarantines in certain areas and forced closures for certain types of public places and businesses. The coronavirus and actions taken to mitigate the spread of it have had, and are expected to continue to have, an adverse impact on the economies and financial markets of many countries, including the geographical area in which the Organization operates. On March 27, 2020, the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (CARES Act) was enacted to, among other provisions, provide emergency assistance for individuals, families and businesses affected by the coronavirus pandemic. The Loan Fund considered the impact of COVID-19 on significant estimates as of June 30, 2021. The Loan Fund believes that the economic uncertainties that have arisen could continue to negatively impact interest income and borrowers' ability to make loan payments.

Florida Community Loan Fund, Inc.

**Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
Year Ended June 30, 2021**

Grantor/Pass-Through/Program Title	Contract or Grant Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Assistance Listing #	Grant Period	Federal Expenditures
Federal awards:					
U.S. Department of Treasury passed through the Community Development Financial Institutions Fund – Community Development Financial Institutions Program	181HF023300	181HF023300	21.020	09/19/2018 - 06/30/2022	\$ 278,000
Community Development Financial Institutions Program	201FA054994	201FA054994	21.020	09/24/2020-06/30/2024	825,750
Program total					<u>1,103,750</u>
Total expenditures of federal awards					<u>\$ 1,103,750</u>

See notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

Florida Community Loan Fund, Inc.

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Note 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Florida Community Loan Fund, Inc. (the Organization) under a program of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2021. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Organization, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets or cash flows of the Organization.

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Pass-through entity identifying numbers (contract or grant number) are presented where available.

Note 3. Indirect Costs

Indirect costs are not allocated under the terms of the federal award. Therefore, the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance is not applicable.

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

Board of Directors
Florida Community Loan Fund, Inc.

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Florida Community Loan Fund, Inc., which comprise the statement of financial position as of June 30, 2021, the related statements of activities, functional expenses and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 27, 2021.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Florida Community Loan Fund Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Florida Community Loan Fund Inc.'s internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Florida Community Loan Fund Inc.'s internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. *A material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Florida Community Loan Fund Inc.'s financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

RSM US LLP

Orlando, Florida
October 27, 2021

**Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program
and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance**

Board of Directors
Florida Community Loan Fund, Inc.

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Florida Community Loan Fund, Inc.'s compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on Florida Community Loan Fund, Inc.'s major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2021. Florida Community Loan Fund, Inc.'s major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for Florida Community Loan Fund, Inc.'s major federal program based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards, the Uniform Guidance, require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Florida Community Loan Fund, Inc.'s compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Florida Community Loan Fund, Inc.'s compliance.

Opinion on the Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Florida Community Loan Fund, Inc. complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Florida Community Loan Fund, Inc. is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Florida Community Loan Fund, Inc.'s internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Florida Community Loan Fund, Inc.'s internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. *A material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

RSM US LLP

Orlando, Florida
October 27, 2021

Florida Community Loan Fund, Inc.

**Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs
Year Ended June 30, 2021**

Section I. Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements:

Type of auditor's report issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP: Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified? Yes X No

Significant deficiency(ies) identified? Yes X None Reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? Yes X No

Federal Awards:

Internal control over major program:

Material weakness(es) identified? Yes X No

Significant deficiency(ies) identified? Yes X None Reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major program:

Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Section 2 CFR 200.516(a)?

 Yes X No

(Continued)

Florida Community Loan Fund, Inc.

**Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs
Year Ended June 30, 2021**

Section I. Summary of Auditor's Results (Continued)

Identification of major program:

Federal Awards

Assistance Listing Number

Name of Federal Program or Cluster

21.020

Community Development Financial
Program

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type
A and Type B Federal Programs

 \$750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

 X Yes No

Section II. Financial Statement Findings

No matters were reported.

Section III. Findings and Questioned Costs for Federal Awards

No matters were reported.

Florida Community Loan Fund, Inc.

**Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings
Year Ended June 30, 2021**

The prior year single audit disclosed no findings in the *Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs* and no uncorrected or unresolved findings exist from the prior audit's *Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings*.